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#### Overview

This Operating Manual covers information on safety and cautions. Please read the relevant information carefully and observe all the Warnings and Notes strictly.

# 

#### To avoid electric shock or personal injury, read the "Safety Information" and "Rules for Safe Operation" carefully before using the Meter.

The Digital Clamp Multimeter Model #72-7222 (hereafter referred to as "the Meter") is 3 1/2 digits with precise operation, fashionable structure and highly reliable measuring instrument. The Meter uses large scale of integrated circuit with double integrated A/D converter as its core and has full range overload protection.

The Meter measures AC/DC Voltage, AC Current, Resistance, Temperature(°F/°C), Diodes and Continuity.



#### Inspection

Open the package case and take out the Meter. Check the following items carefully to see if any items are missing or damaged.

Item	Description	Qty
1	English Operating Manual	1 piece
2	Test Lead	1 pair
3	Point Contact Temperature Probe	1 piece
4	1.5V Battery (AAA)	2 pieces

In the event you find any items missing or damaged, please contact your dealer immediately.



#### Safety Information

This Meter complies with the standards IEC61010: in pollution degree 2, overvoltage category (CAT. II 600V, CAT. III 300V) and double insulation.

CAT. II: Local level, appliance, PORTABLE EQUIPMENT etc., with smaller transient overvoltages than CAT. III. CAT. III: Distribution level, fixed installation, with smaller transient overvoltages than CAT. IV

Use the Meter only as specified in this operating manual, otherwise the protection provided by the Meter may be impaired.

In this manual, a **Warning** identifies conditions and actions that pose hazards to the user, or may damage the Meter or the equipment under test.

A **Note** identifies the information that user should pay attention to.

International electrical symbols used on the Meter and in this Operating Manual are explained on page 8.

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#### Rules For Safe Operation (1)

#### ▲Warning

To avoid possible electric shock or personal injury, and to avoid possible damage to the Meter or to the equipment under test, adhere to the following rules:

- Before using the Meter inspect the case. Do not use the Meter if it is damaged or the case (or part of the case) is removed. Look for cracks or missing plastic. Pay attention to the insulation around the connectors.
- Inspect the test leads for damaged insulation or exposed metal. Check the test leads for continuity. Replace damaged test leads with identical model number or electrical specifications before using the Meter.
- Do not apply more than the rated voltage, as marked on the Meter, between the terminals or between any terminal and ground. If the value to be measured is unknown, use the maximum measurement position and reduce the range step by step until a satisfactory reading is obtained.
- When measurement has been completed, disconnect the connection between the test leads and the circuit under test, remove the test leads from the input terminals of the Meter and turn the Meter power off.
- The rotary switch should be placed in the correct position and no change of range made during measurement, to prevent damage to the Meter.
- Do not carry out the measurement when the Meter's back case and battery compartment are not closed to avoid electric shock.
- Do not input higher than 600V between the Meter's terminals and the ground to avoid electric shock and damage to the Meter.

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#### **Rules For Safe Operation (2)**

- When working at an effective voltage over 60VDC or 30VAC RMS, special care should be taken for there is danger of electric shock.
- 1 Use the proper terminals, function, and range for your measurements.
- Do not use or store the Meter in an environment of high temperature, humidity, explosive, inflammable and strong magnetic field. The performance of the Meter may deteriorate after dampened.
- 1 When using the test leads, keep your fingers behind the finger guards.
- Disconnect circuit power and discharge all high -voltage capacitors before testing resistance, continuity and diode.
- Replace the battery as soon as the battery indicator appears. With a low battery, the Meter might duce false readings that can lead to electric shock and personal injury.
- When servicing the Meter, use only the same model number or identical electrical specifications replacement parts.
- 1 The internal circuit of the Meter shall not be altered at will to avoid damage of the Meter and any accident.
- Soft cloth and mild detergent should be used to clean the surface of the Meter when servicing. No abrasive and solvent should be used to prevent the surface of the Meter from corrosion, damage and accident.
- 1 The Meter is suitable for indoor use.
- 1 Turn the Meter off when it is not in use and take out the battery when not using for a long time.
- Periodically check the battery as it may leak after some time. If leakage is apparent, the battery should be immediately replaced to prevent damage to the Meter.

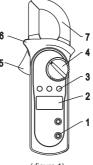


#### International Electrical Symbols

<b>.</b>		
~	AC (Alternating Current).	
	DC (Direct Current).	
≂	AC or DC.	
÷	Ground.	
	Double Insulated.	
Ē	Low Battery	
•1))	Continuity Test.	
→⊢	Diode.	
H	Capacitance Test	
8	Fuse.	
$\land$	Warning. Refer to the Operating Manual.	
<b>(E</b>	Conforms to Standards of European Union.	

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The Meter Structure (see figure 1)



(figure 1)

- 1. Input Terminals
- 2. LCD Display
- 3. Function Buttons
- 4. Rotary Switch
- Trigger: press the lever to open the transformer jaws. When the pressure on the lever is released, the jaws will close.
- 6. Hand Guards: to protect user's hand from touching the dangerous area.
- 7. Transformer Jaws: designed to pick up the AC current flowing through the conductor.



#### **Rotary Switch**

The following table provides information regarding the Rotary Switch positions.

Rotary Switch Position	Function		
OFF	Power is turned off.		
v≂	AC/DC voltage measurement.		
<b>→</b>	→ : Diode test.		
•1)	•າ) : Continuity test.		
Ω	$\Omega$ : Resistance measurement.		
°C°F	Temperature measurement		
A~	AC current measurement range from 0.001A to 400.0A		



#### Function Buttons(1)

The following table provides information regarding function button operations.

AC	voltage measurement.	
HOLD []	<ol> <li>Press HOLD H to enter and exit the Hold mode in any mode, the Meter beeps.</li> <li>Press and hold HOLD H button while turning on the Meter to display full icons.</li> </ol>	
MAX	Press <b>MAX</b> to start recording and updating of maximum values.	
SELECT	Press <b>SELECT</b> button to switch between Ω → ···) and °C°F ·	

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#### The Effectiveness of Function Button Use

Not every function button is used in every rotary switch position. The table below indicates which button can be used in which switch position.

Rotary Switch Position	Function Button		
	SELECT MAX HOLD		HOLDH
v <del></del> v	N/A	•	٠
v~	N/A	•	٠
•••) Ω 井	•	N/A	•
°F°C <b>(K-Type)</b>	•	N/A	٠
<b>A</b> ∼ 2/20A	N/A	٠	٠
<b>A∼</b> 200/400A	N/A	٠	٠

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Display Symbols(1) (see figure 2)



No.	Symbol	Meaning	
1	AC	Indicator for AC voltage or current	
2	DC	Indicator for DC voltage	
3	æ	Low battery. A Warning: To avoid false readings, which could lead to possible electric shock or personal injury, replace the battery as soon as the battery indicator appears.	
4	AUTO	The Meter is in the auto range mode in which the Meter automatically selects the range with the best resolution.	
5	*	Diode test.	
6	•11)	The continuity buzzer is on.	
7	MAX	Maximum reading displayed	
8	H	Date hold is active.	
9	°C°F	The unit of temperature: °C: Centigrade temperature °F: Fahrenheit temperature	
10	Ω, <b>k</b> Ω, <b>M</b> Ω	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	



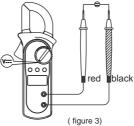
### Display Symbols(2) (see figure 2)

No.	Symbol	Meaning	
11	Α	Amperes (amps). The unit of current.	
12	mV, V	Volts. The unit of voltage.mV: Millivolt. 1x10 <sup>-3</sup> or 0.001 volts	
13	-	Indicates negative reading	
14	OL	The input value is too large for the selected range	



### Measurement Operation(1)

A. DC Voltage Measurement (see figure 3)



# **A**Warning

To avoid damage to the meter, or risk of personal injury, do not attempt to measure higher than 600V AC/DC, although readings may be obtained.

The DC Voltage ranges are: 200.0mV, 2.000V, 20.00V, 200.0V and 600V.

To measure DC voltage, connect the Meter as follows:

- 1. Insert the red test lead into the ••**1**) → VΩ terminal and the black test lead into the COM terminal.
- 2. Set the rotary switch to V ......
- 3. Connect the test leads across with the object being measured.

The measured value shows on the display.

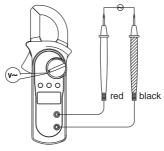
#### Note



#### Measurement Operation(2)

 When DC voltage measurement has been completed, disconnect the test leads from the circuit under test, and remove them from the input terminals.

#### B. AC Voltage Measurement (see figure 4)



(figure 4)

## AWrning

To avoid damage to the meter, or risk of personal injury, do not attempt to measure higher than 600V AC/DC, although readings may be obtained.

The AC Voltage ranges are: 2.000V, 20.00V, 200.0V and 600V.

To measure AC voltage, connect the Meter as follows:

- Insert the red test lead into the ••)→ VΩ terminal and the black test lead into the COM terminal.
- 2. Set the rotary switch to  $V\sim$
- 3. Connect the test leads across with the object being measured.

The measured value shows on the display.

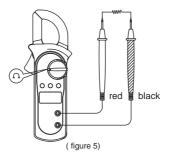


# Measurement Operation(3)

#### Note

- 1 In each range, the Meter has an input impedance of  $10M\Omega$ . This loading effect can cause measurement errors in high impedance circuits. If the circuit impedance is less than or equal to  $10k\Omega$ , the error is negligible (0.1 or less).
- When AC voltage measurement has been completed, disconnect the test leads from the circuit under test, and remove them from the input terminals.

#### C.Measuring Resistance (see figure 5)



## 

To avoid damage to the Meter or to the devices under test, disconnect circuit power and discharge all the high-voltage capacitors before measuring resistance.

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#### Measurement Operation(4)

The resistance ranges are:  $200.0\Omega$ ,  $2.000k\Omega$ ,  $20.00k\Omega$ ,  $20.00k\Omega$ ,  $20.00k\Omega$ ,  $20.00M\Omega$  and  $20.00M\Omega$ .

To measure resistance, connect the Meter as follows:

- 1. Insert the red test lead into the →) → VΩ terminal and the black test lead into the COM terminal.
- Set the rotary switch toΩ•𝔄→→ ; resistance measurement (Ω) is default or press SELECT button to select Ω measurement mode.
- Connect the test leads across with the object being measured.

The measured value shows on the display.

#### Note:

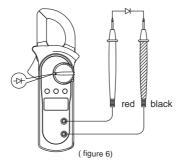
The test leads can add  $0.1\Omega$  to  $0.3\Omega$  of error to resistance measurement.

- For high-resistance measurement (>1MΩ), it normally requires several seconds to obtain a stable reading.
- If Ω reading with shorted test leads is not≤0.5Ω, check for loose test leads, wrong function selected, or enabled data hold function.
- The LCD displays OL indicating open-circuit or the tested resistor value is higher than the maximum range of the Meter.
- 1 Resistance measurement is default to auto range mode.
- Removing the object under test from its circuit will allow more accurate measurement.
- 1 When resistance measurement has been completed, disconnect the test leads from the circuit under test, and remove them from the input terminals.



#### Measurement Operation(5)

D.Testing Diodes (see figure 6)



### **≜** Warning

To avoid damage to the Meter or to the devices under test, disconnect circuit power and discharge all the high-voltage capacitors before testing diodes.

Use the diode test to check diodes, transistors, and other semiconductor devices. The diode test sends a current through the semicondutor junction, then measure the voltage drop across the junction. A good silicon junction drops between 0.5V and 0.8V.

To test the diode out of a circuit, connect the Meter as follows:

- 1. Insert the red test lead into the ⋅ŋ)→-VΩ terminal and the black test lead into the COM terminal.
- Set the rotary switch toΩ 1) → and press SELECT button to select → measurement mode.
- For forward voltage drop readings on any semiconductor component, place the red test lead on the component's anode and place the black test lead on the component's cathode.

# TENM

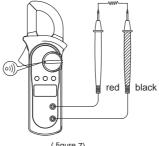
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#### Measurement Operation(6)

#### Note

- 1 In a circuit, a good diode should still produce a forward voltage drop reading of 0.5V to 0.8; however, the reverse voltage drop reading can vary depending on the resistance of other pathways between the probe tips.
- 1 Connect the test leads to the proper terminals as said above to avoid error display.
- 1 The LCD will display OL indicating either open circuit or wrong polarity connection.
- 1 The unit of diode is volt (V), displaying the forward voltage drop readings.
- 1 Removing the object from its circuit will allow more accurate measurement.
- When diode testing has been completed, disconnect 1 the test leads from the circuit under test, and remove them from the input terminals.

#### E.Testing Continuity (see figure 7)



(figure 7)



#### Measurement Operation(7)

### 

To avoid damages to the Meter or to the devices under test, disconnect circuit power and discharge all the high-voltage capacitors before measuring continuity.

To test for continuity, connect the Meter as follows:

- Insert the red test lead into the -𝔅)→ VΩ terminal and the black test lead into the COM terminal.
- Set the rotary switch to Ω → → and press SELECT button to select measurement mode.
- 3. The buzzer sounds if the resistance of a circuit under test is less than 50  $\Omega$  .
- 4. The buzzer may or may not sound if the resistance of a circuit under test is between 50  $\Omega$  to 120  $\Omega$  .
- The buzzer does not sound if the resistance of a circuit under test is higher than 120Ω.

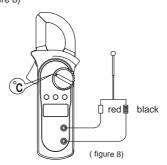
#### Note

- The buzzer beeps once when pressing any buttons at any rotary switch positions except at 2/20A positions if the button is valid. If the button is not valid, it does not beep. At 2/20A rotary switch position, the buzzer is set not to beep.
- Approximately one minute before entering sleep mode, the buzzer will beep five times. Immediately before entering sleep mode, the buzzer will provide one long beep.
- 1 The LCD displays **OL** indicating the circuit being tested is open.
- When continuity testing has been completed, disconnect the test leads from the circuit under test, and remove them from the input terminals.



#### Measurement Operation(8)

#### F. Temperature Measurement (see figure 8)



The temperature measurement ranges are -40°C~1000°C and -40°F~1832°F.

To measure temperature, connect the Meter as follows:

- Insert the red temperature probe into the ⋅𝗤)→→ VΩ terminal and the black temperature probe into the COM terminal.
- Set the rotary switch to °F°C and press SELECT button to select °F or°C measurement mode. °C measurement mode is default.
- 3. Place the temperature probe to the object being measured. The measured value shows on the display.

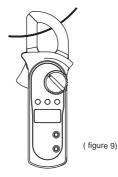
#### Note

 The Meter automatically displays the temperature value inside the Meter when there is no temperature probe connection.



#### Measurement Operation(9)

#### G. AC Current Measurement (see figure 9)



# **≜** Warning

To avoid electric shock, never measure current while the test leads are inserted into the input terminals.

Never attempt an in-circuit current measuremnet where the open-circuit voltage between the circuit and the ground is greater than 600V

Use proper function and range for the measurement.

The measuremnet ranges of current are: 2.000A, 20.00A, 20.00A, 200.0A and 400A.

To measure current, do the following:

- 1. Set the rotary switch to 2/20A $\sim$ or 200/400 A  $\sim$
- 2. Press the lever to open the transformer jaws.
- Center the conductor within the transformer jaw. The measured value shows on the display, it is a effective value of sine wave (mean value response).

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#### **Measurement Operation(10)**

#### Note:

- 1 To obtain accurate reading, measure only one conductor at each time.
- When current measurement has been completed, press the lever to open the transformer jaw again and remove the jaw from the conductor under test.



#### Sleep Mode

To preserve battery life, the Meter automatically turns off after 15 minutes of inactivity.

The Meter can be activated by turning the rotary switch or pressing any button with the following conditions:

- If the meter enters sleep mode while in the temperature function, the meter cannot be activated by turning the rotary switch to an AC current range.
- If using a Function Button to exit the sleep mode, only Function Buttons valid to the Rotary Switch position will be effective. See the Function Button table on Page 12.
- The Hold function will be cancelled if the Meter is activated by pressing the HOLD button.

To disable the Sleep Mode function, press and hold **HOLD** button while turning on the Meter.

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### Specifications

### A. General Specifications:

l	0	cluding transient overvoltage
1		als and ground: 500V rms. D display, Maximum display 1999
1	Auto Polarity Display	
1	Overload	: Display OL or –OL
1	Low battery	: Display
1	Measurement Speed	: Updates 3 times/second.
1		: When the conductor being
		meaured is not placed in a
		correct position during AC
		current measurement, it will
		cause ±1% reading deviation.
1	Drop Test	: 1 meter drop test passed.
1	Max. Jaw Size	: 1.1" (28mm) diameter.
1	Projected Max.	
	Current conductor size	: 1.0" (26mm) diameter.
1	Power	: 2pcs of 1.5V battery (AAA)
1	Battery Life	: typically 150hours (alkaline
		battery)
1	Sleep Mode (can be dis	
1	Dimensions (H x W x L)	
	Weight	: Approximate 260g (battery included)
R	Environmental Res	,
1	The Meter is suitable fo	
1	Altitude	: Operating: 2000m
1	/ lilliddo	Storage: 10000m
1	Safety/ Compliances	: IEC 61010 CAT.II 600V,
-	ealety, compliances	CAT.III 300V over voltage
		and double insulation standard.
1	Temperature and humic	lity:
	·	Operating: 0°C~30°C (≤75%
		R.H);30°C~40°C (≤70%R.H);
		40°C~50°C (≤45%R.H);
		Storage: -20°C~+60°C
		(≤75%R.H)



#### Accuracy Specifications(1)

Accuracy: ±(a% reading + b digits), guarantee for 1 year. Operating temperature: 23°C ± 5°C Relative humidity: ≤75%R.H Temperature coefficient: 0.1x(specified accuracy)/1°C

#### A. AC Voltage: Auto ranging

Range	Resolution	Accuracy	Overload Protection
2.000V	1mV		
20.00V	10mV	<u>+</u> (1.2%+5)	600V rms
200.0V	100mV		
600V	1V	±(1.5%+5)	

#### Remarks:

- Input impedance: 10MΩ //<100pF"</li>
- Displays effective value of sine wave (mean value response).
- 1 Frequency response: 40Hz~1kHz.
- 1 To adjust reading in accordance with effective value

#### B. DC Voltage: Auto ranging

Range	Resolution	Accuracy	Overload Protection
200.0mV	0.1mV	<u>±(0.8%+3)</u>	
2.000V	1mV		600V rms
20.00V	10mV	<u>±(0.8%+1)</u>	00011110
200.0V	100mV		
600V	1V	<u>+</u> (1%+3)	

Remarks: Input impedance: 10MQ.

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### Accuracy Specifications(2)

#### C. Resistance: Auto ranging

Range	Resolution	Accuracy	Overload Protection
200.0Ω	100mΩ	±(1.2%+2)	
2.000kΩ	1Ω		
$20.00 k\Omega$	10Ω	<u>±(</u> 1%+2)	600Vp
200.0kΩ	100Ω		
2.000MΩ	1kΩ	±(1.2%+2)	
20.00MΩ	10kΩ	<u>+</u> (1.5%+2)	

Remarks: Input impedance: 10MQ.

#### **D.** Continuity Test

Range	Resolution	Accuracy	Overload Protection
•1))		Around $\leq 50\Omega$ the buzzer beeps	600Vp

#### Remark:

- 1 Open circuit voltage approximate 0.45V.
- 1 The buzzer may or may not beep when the resistance of a circuit under test is between  $50\Omega$  and  $120\Omega$ . The buzzer will not beep when the resistance of a circuit under test is greater than  $120\Omega$ .

#### E. Diode Test

Range	Resolution	Accuracy	Overload Protection
*	1mV	Display approximate forward voltage drop : 0.5V~0.8V	600Vp

Remarks: Open circuit voltage approximate 1.48V.



### Accuracy Specifications(3)

#### F. Temperature:

Range	Resolution	Accuracy	Overload Protection
-40~1000°C	1°C	-40~0°C: <u>±(3%+9)</u> 0~400°C: <u>±(1%+7)</u> 400~1000°C:	
-40°F~1832°F	1°F	<u>±(2%+10)</u> -40~32°F: <u>±(3%+10)</u> 32°F~752°F: <u>±(1%+8)</u> 752°F~1832°F: <u>±(2%+18)</u>	600Vp

#### G. AC Current: Auto ranging

Range	Resolution	Accuracy	Frequency Response	Overload Protection
2.000A	0.001A	±(4%+30)≤1A		
		<u>±(3%+12)</u>		
20.00A	20.00A 0.01A	±(3%+12) ≤4A	50Hz~60Hz	400A rms
20.00/ (		<u>+(2%+8)</u>		
200.0A	0.1A	±(1.5%+5)		
400A	1A	±(1%+9)		

#### Remarks:

1 Displays effective value of sine wave (mean value response).



#### **MAINTENANCE(1)**

This section provides basic maintenance information including battery replacement instruction.

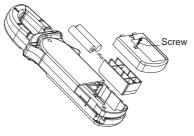
### 

Do not attempt to repair or service your Meter unless you are qualified to do so and have the relevant calibration, performance test, and service information.

To avoid electrical shock or damage to the Meter, do not allow water inside the case.

#### A. General Service

- 1 Periodically wipe the case with a damp cloth and mild detergent. Do not use abrasives or solvents.
- 1 To clean the terminals with cotton bar with detergent, as dirt or moisture in the terminals can affect readings.
- 1 Turn the Meter power off when it is not in use.
- 1 Take out the battery when it is not using for a long time.
- Do not use or store the Meter in a place of humidity, high temperature, explosive, inflammable and strong magnetic field.
- B. Replacing the Battery (see figure 10)



(figure 10)



#### **MAINTENANCE(2)**

To avoid false readings, which could lead to possible electric shock or personal injury, replace the battery as soon as the battery indicator " 母" appears.

Make sure the transformer jaw and the tets leads are disconected from the circuit being tested before opening the case bottom.

To replace the battery:.

- 1. Turn the Meter off and remove all the connections from the input terminals
- 2. Turn the Meter's case top down.
- Remove the screw from the battery compartment, and separate the battery compartment from the case bottom.
- 4. Remove the old battery from the battery compartment.
- 5. Replace the battery with 2pcs of new 1.5V (AAA) battery.
- Rejoin the case bottom and the battery compartment, and reinstall the screw.

#### \*\* END \*\*

This operating manual is subject to change without notice.



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